

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 15

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, Nov. 2, 1933

NUMBER 24



NATURE'S Treatment for Constipation

Nature's best lubricator is the Russian Oil. It's a tasteless colorless oil, acts in a natural way and helps to eliminate all waste materials. It corrects the bowels and makes them perform their natural functions without the aid of powerful drugs. Simple? Certainly! Serviceable? Without fail!

The Champion Pharmacy

Phone 9
Druggists & Chemists

Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCO
SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
ROOMS
Best Meals in Town Best For Sale

Bedding Special

4 ft. 6 in. Mattress..... \$6.95
Simmons' Spring Filled Mattress with 1 pair
of Sheets, 1 pair Pillow Cases..... \$19.95

Linoleum, 12 ft. wide, per yd..... \$3.25

Congoleum Rugs, all Sizes at List Price

**We carry a full line
of Ammunition.**

Piano in First Class Shape
Snap at \$225.00

**UNDERTAKING
&
EMBALMING**

Eveready
Radio
Batteries
45 Volts
each
\$3.95

Full line
of Radio
Tubes

Farmer's Hardware

RES. PHONE 12

STORE PHONE 28



Champion Lodge
A.F. & A.M.
G.R.A.

Meets second Thurs-
day in each month. Visiting brethren
welcome.

J. A. LONG G. L. DEPUE,
W. M. Secretary.

Dr. H. NEWTON HEAL
DENTAL SURGEON

In Champion Thursday
and Friday.

Herbert Cooper

Notary Public

Conveyancing
Real Estate

INSURANCE
In All Its Branches

Phone 50
Champion, - Alberta

Motorists will Petition Lieut. Governor for Change in License Year

In an effort to have the Alberta government declare the auto license year to be from April 1 to March 31, instead of from January 1 to December 31, as at present, the Alberta Motor Association will shortly send all over Alberta copies of a petition to be presented to Hon. W.L. Walsh, Lieutenant-Governor of Alberta. The Alberta Motor Association takes the stand that if the license year is moved forward, a very much larger number of cars will be left in continuous service during the winter months. This will be beneficial to the Government by way of increased gas tax revenue, tire companies, tire and battery repair stations, insurance companies, etc., and, consequently be the means of giving considerable employment during the winter months, which payroll is, under the present license year, cut off due to so many cars being put away around the end of the year. The petition will be placed in 2,000 garages, service stations and auto accessory stores throughout the province to be signed by auto owners.

Obituary

Erling Vaage, died Thursday, October 26th, at his home, at the age of 10 years and 3 months. He had been ill for some time. Surviving was his mother and father and two sisters Agnes and Edna.

Rev. P. Dawson conducted the funeral service Friday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock at the family residence, and interment followed in the Champion cemetery.

Badminton in Full Swing

Badminton is well under way here and the many followers of the popular pastime are looking forward to an enjoyable season. Inter-club matches with neighboring towns, club tournaments and other competitions will occupy the attention of the players during the season.

Chicken Dinner November 18th

Arrangements for the C.W.L. chicken dinner, to be held in the Community Hall on Saturday, November 18th, are complete. There will be novelty and candy booths, and dinner will be served from 5 o'clock to 8, at 35c for adults and 25c for children under 15 years.

Hallowe'en Party Highly Successful

A very successful Hallowe'en party was held in the basement of the public school on Tuesday evening, October 31. The basement was decorated for the occasion, and the guests, who were dressed as kiddies, were greeted with a thorough initiation. The games were well managed and everyone thoroughly enjoyed them. In fact the party was one of the best.

Mart Kenney's Orchestra Draws Huge Crowd

In spite of roads which were practically impassable, around 100 couples attended the Mart Kenney dance last Friday, and everyone there certainly enjoyed a real musical treat. The members of this orchestra are all real artists in their profession, and everyone is talking about the wonderful time they had, and how they enjoyed the novelty numbers, which were to say the least, something different.

The management of the Community Hall wish to thank their patrons from Champion, Vulcan and Carmangay who, in spite of such bad roads turned out and attended this dance. Also Mr. Kenney and the members of his orchestra, along with Mr. Bert Farmer, their manager, wish to express their appreciation at this their first appearance in a small town hall. They are coming back again, so watch for advertising announcing date of their next engagement here.

Future dance nights in Champion already arranged for are Hopkins' Old Time orchestra on Friday, November 17th, and Leo Davis' orchestra on Friday, December 1st. Be sure and be there.

Local & General

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Sletto are Calgary visitors this week. Jelly Powders, all flavors, 5c each at Campbell's.

Mrs. H. T. Lamont was a tea hostess on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Uhlend left Tuesday for Germany, via New York.

Raymond Summers was unfortunate in breaking his arm on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Ayotte left Tuesday for Long Beach, California.

Mr. and Mrs. Irl Ditto and family have taken up residence in their town home.

Roasting Chickens, all ready for the oven, at Campbell's.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Orr and Mrs. C. McLean were week end visitors in Calgary.

Hallowe'en passed quietly, with very little damage resulting. The celebrators seemed to have a good time, but on a whole it was more of an effort to keep up tradition than to inflict any serious damage.

Bananas! "A Child of the Tropics" She wears no clothes. Special, 50c doz. at Campbell's.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Davis and family of Champion were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Anderson of Calgary last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Davis spent a few days visiting at Staveland, prior to their departure for Long Beach, California.

Nice warm all wool Hosiery for men, 3 pairs for \$1 at Campbell's.

Harry Taylor left for Calgary last week, where he has accepted a position with his cousin Mr. George Money, who is with the Alberta Asbestos Contracting Co.

Mrs. E. Sayles, who has been having considerable trouble with her foot, is reported to be improving slightly. Hosts of friends wish her a speedy recovery.

Fresh Head Lettuce, Sweet Potatoes, Squash, New Celery and everything that's good to eat at Campbell's.

Dr. Dimock announces that he will be at the Drug Store Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.



CHAMPION THEATRE

Wednesday, November 8th

A Surprise Show

Watch for Posters

Wednesday, November 8

Campbell Floral Co.

CALGARY

Cut Flowers House Plants Funeral Designs, Etc.
Satisfaction Guaranteed Champion Agent
H. E. Gill - - Champion Meat Market

—Calgary's Popular priced Hotels—

HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates: \$1.50 and \$2.50
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices

—ALSO OPERATING—

HOTEL ST. REGIS

RATES: \$1.00 and \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates

Auction Sales

FRANK SMITH'S

Wed. November 8

1-2 mile North of Champion on the Gravel

HARVEY HYNDMAN'S

Tues. November 7

1 1-2 Miles South and 2 1-2 Miles East of Carmangay

WINTER

EXCURSION FARES

STILL LOWER

Dates of Sale:

PACIFIC COAST

Nov. 15 to Feb. 28

Limit 3 months

OLD COUNTRY

Nov. 20 to Jan. 5

Limit 5 months

Eastern Canada

Dec. 1 to Jan. 5

Limit 3 months

Central States

Dec. 1 to Jan. 5

Limit 3 months

Go this Winter, when fares are much lower and the winter privileges longer, on tickets to Pacific Coast, Old Country, Eastern Canada and Central States points. Fine all-steel trains—real travel Comfort and Service.

Fares, Train Schedules, and full information from Agent

**Canadian
Pacific**

Cattle Shows In Denmark

Regulations Which Govern All Exhibitions Are Very Strict

Live stock exhibitions at Canadian exhibitions this past year which have been inclined to criticize for their severity the new regulations which have been placed on fairs and exhibitions which expect to receive Federal grants may be interested to learn the regulations which govern the exhibition of cattle in Denmark that land of butter and pigs.

The Agricultural Fair or Live Stock Show in Denmark is pre-eminently an educational institution. At such shows no animal may get a prize unless there is full information regarding the milk and butter fat production of the animal as well as of its immediate ancestors. Furthermore, to be eligible for any one of the three main shows (one on the mainland, one each on the islands of Zealand and Funen) the following are the production requirements:

(1) Two and three-year-old heifers must have official records of not less than 8,000 lb. milk and 350 lb. fat.

(2) Mature cows must have records of not less than 9,000 lb. milk and 400 lb. fat.

(3) Bulls and young animals under milking age are admitted only after proof that their milk information conforms to records as mentioned above.

Exhibitors are not permitted to travel from one show to another. The animals shown at each of the three main shows had been exhibited but once before in that particular season; that is, they had been exhibited at their own local agricultural show. Of these smaller local agricultural shows there are from four to six in each county, and any exhibitor who lives within the limits of these locals is not permitted to show his animals at any other.

Proved aires are exhibited at a special show called a State Fair. One branch of this is held in each district or county, and only those who live within that county may compete. After entries have been made and before the Show is held, the three judges make personal inspection of the offspring, of which at least 60 per cent. must be available for inspection. Bulls are not accepted for the Show unless they pass this inspection. Then at these various fairs the bulls are given prizes for their transmitting ability. For this latter prize animals need not be presented at the Show.

Signal Lights Aid Police

Scotland Yard Can Signal Ten Miles Area Quickly

Telephone boxes fitted with flashing red globes are proving most successful in the war on motor bandits in London, England.

Lord Trevelyan has given orders for another 600, making a total of 800 in the metropolitan area.

The moment motor bandits are reported making for a certain area, Scotland Yard informs the local station.

Here a man at a switch-board presses a button which flashes the red globe on every police box in an area of ten miles.

Mobile and other police see the warning and ring up the station for instructions.

Details of wanted men can now be circulated by Scotland Yard to an average of 80 men in key traffic positions within 10 minutes of a road happening.

Potato Crop Larger

Yield For 1933 Is About 128 Bushels Per Acre

Canada's potato crop for 1933 is estimated at 67,100,000 bushels from 520,800 acres, a yield of about 128 bushels per acre. Potatoes are grown in large quantities in all the provinces of Canada, but the Maritime Provinces—Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island—are the principal areas of commercial production.

Couldn't Blame Him

The train came to a sudden grinding stop, causing the passengers to jump.

"What has happened, conductor?" cried a nervous old lady.

"Nothing much... We ran over a cow."

"Was it on the track?"

"No," replied the disquainted conductor. "We chased it into a barn."

The importance of a man, can be judged by the readiness of the cold that prompts the doctor to keep him in bed while the Brandon Sun

And we will know that good times are back when the customer says, "Keep the change!"

W. N. U. 1938

Guarding Against Plant Disease

Vigilance Exercised In Inspecting Imports From Canada

If it were not for the eternal vigilance of the inspectors of the Canadian Government Department of Agriculture at international boundary points and at ocean ports, farmers and horticulturists in Canada would probably soon be eaten out of house and home by insect pests. These undesirable immigrants, which have entered from time to time, have caused millions of dollars of loss to farmers and gardeners. Among some of the most noted of the great public enemies among insect pests are the European spruce sawfly, the European corn-borer.

In 1932, a total of 43,642,712 plants imported into Canada from 27 countries were rigidly inspected to prevent the introduction of pests or plant diseases. This work of inspection involved a total of 21,160 separate inspections and the issuance of 10,688 permits. Insect pests or plant diseases were found in 1,407 imports, including brown-tail moth, European spruce sawfly, pine shoot moth, scale insects of various kinds, bulb flies, weevils, European spruce sawfly, and plant diseases, basal rot of narcissus, hystrix yellows and crocus fusarium being the most serious menaces. Fifty-two permits were refused in connection with requests to import prohibited material and in twenty-nine cases parcels of plants were refused entering without a permit, was seized.

Proposed importation of potatoes were seized by the inspectors and destroyed. Parcel post imports of 4,269 packages, comprising 468,044 potatoes, were refused entry. One hundred and twenty-three of these importations were refused entry from 104 shipments on account of irregular certification.

Winter Egg Production

Sunlight And Attention To Feeding Essential For Best Results

Profitable egg production during winter months is desired by all poultrymen. In order to obtain this special attention to the feeding is required. Confining the birds to protect them from winter weather conditions takes away two very important range factors—direct sunlight (vitamin "D") and green feed.

Experiments made by R. M. DeBake, in charge of poultry investigations at the Ohio experiment station, have conclusively shown that it is desirable that the bird must have vitamin "D" or the sunlight factor, and the equivalent of green feed for good egg production and hatchability. Accordingly, special provision must be made during the winter months to supply these essentials.

To provide direct sunlight, or its equivalent, during the winter months, says, glass substitutes that admit the sunlight rays may be used to advantage. If the house is equipped with common window glass, the sunlight equivalent can be obtained by supplying by a good grade of cod-liver oil. Legume hays provide the equivalent of green feed, he says.

Promote Frantic Pasture

Crested Wattle Grass Found Superior To Other Grasses In Dry Areas

Improvement of hay and pasture crops for Western conditions by plant breeding is the chief activity of the Dominion Forage Crop Laboratory established last year at Saskatoon, in co-operation with the University of Saskatchewan.

In the pressing need for better varieties of hardy and drought-resistant grasses and legumes, especially for pasture purposes, it has been determined that Crested Wattle grass is superior to other grasses for the drier prairie areas of Western Canada in its resistance to drought, production, and ability to withstand close grazing, control weeds, and rapid regrowth. It is very palatable to live stock, contains more total nutrients than western ryegrass, and compares very favorably with lucerne grass in this respect. Hundreds of farmers have grown this grass during the past two years and the reports are excellent.

The coastal regions of British Columbia have a climate so mild and so different from other parts of Canada that roses, which are not hardy elsewhere, do well there without winter protection.

Tiring of an idle life after his owners had given up raising sheep, Dick, a valuable shaggy dog, was abandoned from his home near Suffolk, England, and was found guarding a strange flock which he had adopted.

American products are being used in the new Iraq oil pipeline.

Czech-Slovakia expects bumper crops this year.

AS THE MACON REACHED HER NEW HOME



An unusual view of the U.S.S. Macdonough, the pride of the United States Navy, as she slipped her moor to the portable mooring mast on her arrival at her permanent base in San Diego, California, at the end of her long trip from Lakehurst, N.J. This photo gives an excellent view of the tall assembly of the gigantic dirigible.

Canada's Fish Industry

Has To Depend On Foreign Markets For Its Success

The fishing industry has been one of the greatest sufferers in Canada during the present depression. Production during the war ran up to \$60,000,000 in 1918, but declined rapidly in the immediately succeeding years. In 1926, when there was a world-wide prosperity it reached \$20,000,000. The industry has since then been in a constant decline. The domestic consumption of fish is relatively small in Canada. The majority of the industry depends largely on foreign markets. It is estimated that from 70 to 75 per cent. of the annual catch is an average export. If the majority of our fish were more frequently and forcibly presented to the people of Canada there would undoubtedly be a larger proportion of domestic consumption.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Beautiful Mountain Retreat

American Banker Establishes Luxurious Mountain Home In Rockies

Situated on a beautiful location, close to the entrance of the Yellowstone Park in the Canadian Rockies, about 200 miles west of Edmonton, a luxurious private mountain retreat has been established by one of the partners of an internationally-known firm of bankers with head office in New York. The property was formerly a foothill ranch.

During the past summer the new owner has expended close to \$100,000 in establishing his Rocky Mountain summer quarters, which include a commodious and luxurious central residence commanding an unparalleled view of valley and mountain, and a number of other features which will make possible the enjoyment to the full of the advantages of this unique mountain ranch location.

Big Horn Sheep

Herds In Rocky Mountains Have Rapidly Depleted

Canada is rapidly losing her herds of big horn sheep through inroads of the Rocky Mountain goat, whose meat is good eating and might well be utilized to the local market or to relief camps, according to Jimmy Simpson, of Banff, pioneer hunter and trapper.

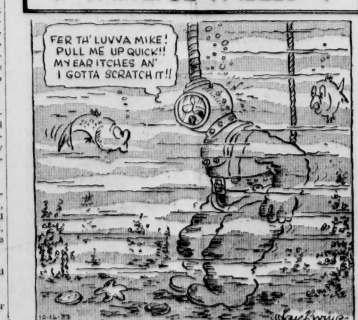
The two animals will kill together, he explained. He added hunters do not kill one half or one per cent. of the animals killed by old man winter.

Overlook Key Beaver

Felix, one of the beavers at Assiniboine Park in Winnipeg, is dead, and the approaching winter is indirectly held responsible. Working feverishly in preparation for the winter siege of Felix dropped dead while hauling a log, and an autopsy showed that death was caused by over-exertion.

British shipbuilders are hopeful that they can discourage bankruptcies from fattening themselves to hulls of ships by using smooth corrosion-resisting nickel chromium stainless steel.

FANCIFUL FABLES



Do Indians Ever Swim?

Norwegian Lawyer Who Has Lived With Them Thinks They Do Not

After Mr. Hildebrand had lived in intimate contact with the Indians in the North West Territories for four years, he concluded that the Indians never swim. Can this be so? Does the Indian not swim? The question might be unwarranted did it not, somehow seem appropriate.

It is a question, however, how can it be that, to pluck a phrase in passing, a swimming Indian does not stand out from all the tales read of Good and Bad Indians. Brave may be remembered who did brave deeds and braves who did anything but brave feats, but among them all, not one brave is swimming.

You recall Indians stealthily gliding without turning a head or flattening a blade of grass as they swam their greased bodies along river banks; and though they always were on the banks and never in the river. They caned but never swam.

The word of Mr. Instad on this point must be taken for as has happened in the past, the Caribou Indians who pitch their tepees between the Mackenzie River and Amundson Gulf, between Great Slave Lake and the Thelon and Coppermine Rivers.

Mr. Instad is a Norwegian lawyer who found himself at a house end at Edmonton, and becoming bent on trapping, he found himself eventually in the Caribou Indians' camp. He gave him their confidence, even if he declined to be mated to their seventeen-year-old "Little Hare," and when Mr. Instad says in his book, "The Land of Peace and Famine," that those Indians are never taught to swim, it is a statement of acceptance of the familiar probability is the reader for knowing how cold must be the water of the region.

It is singular, for the Indians, perhaps most of all people, have not only laid their trails by their waterways, but they were on the water to those river-trails long after the white intruders had sunk deep with compass directions from it to west.

Indians, however, dislike the touch of water on their bodies. This is a dislike, it is not a fear. Whites may more often like water on their bodies, but they more often fear its volume. Indians have never been known to be afraid of the water. They glide the surface of waters, no matter how rough, no matter how deep, no matter how turbulent elements.

They are fearless in their birch-bark flumes, but will never relinquish the paddle to chance the swim to shore. They never learned to swim. They have courted the rivers and followed the sun's gleam across wide lakes; but they have not taken the elementary precaution to learn to swim. Indians seldom get drowned.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Compares Radio To Radio

American Doctor Advances Interesting Theory Regarding Hearing

The progress of life and the way of mind and matter involve a mechanism very similar to a radio set depending for their growth development on functional waves. The series of radiations of various wavelengths, emanating from the living substance of the body. This, in essence was reported at the opening of the Century of Progress Congress of the American College of Surgeons by Dr. George W. Crile of Cleveland, who addressed a gathering of eminent surgeons at Chicago. The medical man of the future, Dr. Crile said would "tune in" on the living body as one does now on the ordinary radio.

"Listening in" to the short-waves and the long-waves transmitted by the very organs, he would hear the "symphony" played by the living organism and would determine the rhythm of the "dance of life."

Long before there was any outward evidence of disease, the physician could pick up the life waves which would be enabled to tell by the "recognition" of the life-waves of health they were playing a melody of health or signaling a S. O. S.

The ultra rays, Dr. Crile added, have a range of wave-lengths from the ultra-violet, through the visible spectrum down to the infra-red. These rays are generated and emitted during life and change with the state of activity of the prolonged life.

They are increased during malignant processes, such as cancer, and by such drugs as thyroidin and caffeine, and are decreased by anesthetics and narcotics.

Aviation experts declare that it would require 125,000 airplanes, each carrying one ton of bombs, to entirely destroy London in a single raid.

There are two kinds of business men these days. One kind is selling out; the other kind is out selling.

Ridding Grain Of Insects

Fumigating Should Be Done When Temperature Is Around 70 Degrees

Trouble with grain insects is always experienced where grain is kept in storage. Insects may be totally destroyed by such insect pests as weevils before they have been discovered at work. The insects may attack as well as waste as old but are most likely to be found in the latter. The best methods of control are fumigation and fumigation. Before the grain is placed in the granary it should be thoroughly cleaned and made as airtight as possible.

When stored grain becomes infested the only thing to do is to fumigate with some substance like propylene dichloride mixture, a liquid which vaporizes forming a heavy poisonous gas on being released. This work is best done during warm weather with the temperature around 70 degrees. Be sure the grain is dry and the bin is tight, particularly the walls and bottom. Level off the grain and cover with a layer of straw or hay so that it will be gas-tight. When all is prepared fill the covering and pour the fumigant gas directly on the grain, being sure it is not to alight the corners. If the bin is more than four feet deep thrust a pipe into the grain so as to get some of the liquid down near the bottom. Immediately after pouring on the mixture, replace the covering and put up the cover again, because the fumes are poisonous if breathed for any length of time. Allow the bin to remain closed for three or four days, and then open it for several days. Seed grain should be shoveled over a number of times, as to seed grain which may be used as seed, it is generally well to repeat the process after a period of a few weeks.

Grain which may be used as seed is carbon disulfide. One pound is used to each 100 bushels of grain. Put the chemical in a shallow pan on top of the grain and pour a natural oil on the solution and spread them over the grain. Close the bin tightly and allow the gas to penetrate to the corners of the storage space. This chemical is highly inflammable and should be handled with the greatest care. After an hour the bin can be opened.

Put up warnings on all doors when fumigating in order that accidents may be avoided.

Improving The Pocket-Knife

Special Models Made For Gaffer, Essential Item Of One's Equipment

That essential item of one's equipment, the pocket-knife, has now, for the first time, been made to perform many various duties in its time. It is, for residents of the British Isles, extending its scope still further, as a pocket-knife, you carry a "Gaffer's Knife," which combines a blade, a pencil, and a pen. It is a pen-knife, you carry a "Cruising Knife," which has in addition to the steel blade, a silver blade, a pair of nutcrackers and a pick. It is a "Perpetual Calendar Knife," a useful companion on all occasions, especially while traveling. This metal little device contains, besides a blade and a pencil, an adjustable calendar set into the face of the flat portion.

There are a few people who have been known to leave their Yale keys at home when walking abroad, but who always keep a knife in their pockets. In order to simplify matters, a knife which carries a pencil and a Yale key has been invented, the key which is especially cut to fit the lock, springing open in the name way as the blade. Yale key ornaments are also being shown, the key closing into a delicately carved gold or silver case, which adds to the tints of the daintiest evening bag or jewelry box, and a chain and worn as an ornament.)

Tale Hazardous Trip

In a 21-foot sailer, the little boat of Rodolph, aged 21, and his sister, Inge, aged 23, recently crossed the North Sea alone. They started from their home in Hamburg, Germany, and visited the Norwegian fjords and larger cities of England and Scotland. They returned to Hamburg by way of Holland.

Would Make A Difference

The Railway Supervisor of a Victorian line received the following note from one of his foremen:

"If an accident in the accident report on Casey's foot when he struck it with the spike maul. Now, if I strike it, do you want mine or do you want Casey's?"

Royal Air Force cadets in training in England now cost the government \$2,300 a year each.

Germany shipped more than 75,000 United States of the last year.

Rapid Advances in Rail Engineering May Revolutionize Present Transportation Systems

It will make some folk feel sad to know the day is coming fast when the present crack railroad trains of the country will look obsolete. The engineers who plan ways to carry humanity across the land at bird-like speeds with less expense and more comfort have spelled the doom of the giant locomotives and heavy cars of our day. It is only a matter of weeks before passengers on the Union Pacific may be whisking along in trains that look somewhat like long silver eels. Models of the "rail-planes" and other modern forms of transportation have attracted crowds at the Chicago Exposition. Discussing these advances in rail engineering, the October Review of Reviews says that one of the new type trains will be sliding along its steel road before the year is out. Speed alone has not been the end of the quest in railroad science. The old problem of moving multitudes longer distances for less money is still the pressing problem of the nation's rail lines. New aluminum alloy trains pulled by a 600-horse-power engine in the built-in electric locomotive may make the difference between profit and loss in passenger service. It is a scientific achievement, this silver eel on rails, as well as a long jump toward efficiency.

Streamlined to glide through the wind, three cars of the rail-planes, including the "power" car, will weigh but eighty tons, or more than a Pullman sleeper. The train stands eleven feet from the ground. Its "pilot house" looks not unlike that of an airplane. It will make ninety miles an hour as its ordinary running speed, and its horsepower requirements markedly compared with trains of present design.

Another rapid rail vehicle is the automotor, which has been used abroad and has 10,000 miles of actual service to support its reputation for fast and inexpensive travel. Built of aluminum, run by a sixteen-cylinder gasoline engine, it was designed to serve passengers in units of one car or more. Its slim lines and round profile give it power to override wind resistance at high speeds. —New York Sun.

Triumphed Over Difficulties With Three Fingers Missing Organist Passes Final Music Test

Although three fingers are missing from his right hand, Reginald Billy Lewis was among the successful candidates at the last examination for the association of the Royal College of Organists. His success was a triumph over exceptional difficulties. His right hand was shattered at Ypres, where he was regimental band leader, and it was feared his ambition as an organist was entirely frustrated. However, after several operations in hospital he "came back" and passed his examination without any concession.

He had studied law for a while but music was his natural bent. His success is a triumph of will power as well as musicianship, the examination for the association of the Royal College of Organists having been almost a fantastic objective at first, and now Reginald Billy Lewis holds the diploma of the world's leading school of the organ.

Where Scientists Differ

Great Span in Figures Diving Size Of Universe

How big is the universe? Anywhere from 76 quadrillions miles to more than one septillion miles across. These are the smallest and largest estimates in official figures issued by Smithsonian Institution. The estimate of 76 quadrillion (76 plus 13 ciphers) is that of Dr. Willem De Sitter, noted Dutch astronomer, while the figure of one septillion (114 plus 22 ciphers) is credited to Dr. Edwin Hubble, astronomer of Mount Wilson Observatory, California. If Dr. Hubble is right, we would take an aeroplane, flying 100 miles an hour, more than one quadrillion years to cross the universe.

Graded According To Gift

Gifts to the state are being solicited from the citizens of Arabia. For ordinary government purposes. Presents in the lowest sum accepted. Gifts of \$5 will earn the title of "Patrician"; of \$10, "Active Patrician"; of \$10, "Great Patrician"; and \$25, "Super-Patrician."

Between 50,000 and 60,000 people in India, England, depend on the fishing industry for their livelihood, a survey shows.

W. N. Y. 1918

Irrigating From Air

Experiments With Russian Invention Have Proved Success

Irrigation of the land from the air is said to be possible by a new apparatus invented by the Russian Hydro-Technical Institute and the Lenin Academy of Agriculture. It consists of those which is carried in gas-filled balloons. The hose is attached to two tractors, the water being pumped into it from an irrigation canal and sent through sprays to fall on the earth like rain. Experiments of this kind of irrigation with a much simpler apparatus on the ground, were carried out last year on a Russian State farm in Central Asia, the Pashovsk. The crops so watered gave a yield of 300 per cent. greater than those watered by the canal system. The yield of winter wheat was more than doubled. The new system also will effect a great saving in the covering and maintenance of irrigation canals and will set free a large area occupied by them.

Women In Business

Efficient As Men And More Loyal States Sir Charles Hughes

Women will play a big part in the future as collectors of income-tax in the reorganized collection service at Somerset House. It was the last branch of income-tax work to which they were admitted, and now nearly every week the appointment of a woman to the collectorate is announced. Sir Charles Hughes, speaking at an exhibition recently, said he disagreed with Sir Herbert Austin's view that it would be better for industry if women were sent out of business and back to their homes. Women were efficient as men and were certainly more loyal, he said.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Ruth Rogers



SOMETHING REALLY JAUNTY FOR SCHOOL GIRL AND ITS SO EASY TO MAKE IT

Here's one of the smartest ideas of the season for the little junior. It's effectively carried out in light navy blue novelty polka-dotted worsted crepe contrast. The wrapped arrangement at the front makes this distinctly a 3500 No. 809 is designed in sizes 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 3 1/2 yards of 30-inch material with 1/2 yard of 20-inch contrasting. It's a model of simple elegance, our and fabric schemes. It is particularly nice for wool jersey and would be wearing in lobster brown with vivid red contrast. It is made in sizes 6 to 14 years in stamper or coin coin is preferred. Wrap coat carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

City

State

Country

Cattle Revert To Type

Strangely, Stories Told About Wild Herd On Graham Island

A good example of what happens when domestic cattle revert to type is to be found on some of the islands which make up the Queen Charlotte Islands, scattered along the upper reaches of the coast of British Columbia. Cattle which have gone wild on these islands have multiplied remarkably and loggers, sailors and fishermen who occasionally visit them tell strange stories of their doings.

On Graham Island, largest of the Queen Charlotte group, are wild cattle of the descendants of good dairy and beef breeds which answer the queries sometimes propounded as to what type would be produced from domestic cattle left alone in suitable surroundings.

The Hudson Bay Co. owned the first lot of cattle turned loose on Graham Island, around a century ago. They went from Fort Langley in the Fraser Valley. Thirty years ago the Hudson Bay Co. closed up operations on the island leaving there some cattle, largely good type Shorthorns.

Wilderness went to the island in charge of a settler named Cesare, and were allowed to range. When in turn Cesare pulled stakes and quitted the island, he left some of his Herefords there.

A settler named Baker subsequently took the Aberdeen Angus cattle to Graham Island, and when he in turn left some of his blacks stayed behind. A settler now living near Lac La Pêche took in Jersey, and later on, one Mexican Tom took a carload of cattle to the island.

Now there are around a thousand head of wild cattle on Graham Island, which resemble the buffalo. They are as fast as deer and have developed, according to F. G. Stewart, Dominion live stock fieldman for B.C., long legs, heavy shoulders and little bodies.

Cardinal Duties Of A Sentry

Must Never Let Go Of His Rifle Or Leave His Post

An automobile crashed into the crowd watching the changing of the guard at Buckingham Palace, killing four and injuring a number of others. Among those who were knocked down was a sentry, one of His Majesty's Guards, and it is reported he was picked himself up and resumed his rigid position. It might be thought by many people that the soldier should have given a hand in the rescue and first-aid work. Had he done so he would have committed grave faults as a sentry and been liable to sharp punishment. A sentry must never let go of his rifle. He must never leave his post. These are the cardinal duties of a sentry. No matter what happens, unless it is in the course of his immediate military duties, he must ignore it and carry on. —St. Thomas' Times-Journal.

Fog-Proof Signals For Roads

Fog is defied on the new electrically run railway between Barking and Upminster, in England. "Searchlight" signals cast a beam far ahead, and so fogproof is the system of signaling that when a train passes a danger point it immediately stops and orders their back again in safety.

Trinidad expects an early increase in employment.

Limited Population Does Not Guarantee Prosperity

Intelligently Directed Immigration As Times Improve Would Benefit Canada

Canada is far from being an over-crowded country. There is plenty of room for new population, new business and increased production. Intelligently directed and carefully selected immigration should not add to unemployment, and might indeed aid in its solution. The industrial machinery of the country is capable of providing for the needs of far more people than the ten million now within our borders.

There is a danger that the depression may give birth to unwise views regarding future expansion. While the present is not an opportune time to inaugurate an immediate immigration scheme on a wholesale scale there is sound sense in what Premier Bennett said recently on the subject when he pointed out that Canada's vast area and rich resources required a great population for development. Development is essential to a full realization of the prosperity that is inherent in the country. The mineral resources of Northern Ontario have been an important factor in helping to weather the depression. There is in this situation an illustration of the possibilities of the future.

A limited population of itself is no guarantee of prosperous conditions. It is not to be supposed that if Canada today had twice the present population unemployment would be any greater proportionately than it is now. A large number of new citizens could not be suddenly absorbed into the economic life of the country, it is true, but with a return of normal conditions it will be of advantage to include in the policies of the country reasonable measures for a sound and steady growth. —Toronto Evening Telegram.

Family Record Of Chinese

Some Can Be Traced Back Over 4,000 Years

It is a matter of amusement to the western world that a young woman who had just been married in China is a descendant in the 77th generation of the great founder of Confucianism. If she traces her family record back only to the birth of Confucius, it covers 2,484 years, but Chinese historians profess to carry it back over 4,600 years. Yet, the shorter period of nearly 25 centuries is enough to stagger the imagination of those who boast themselves perched on the 11th generation descended from Roger Williams or the Pilgrims. —Providence Journal.

Hall Caine's Last Book

Sir Hall Caine's "Life of Christ," considered to be one of the most amazing literary efforts ever attempted, is ready for publication in London. When the famous novelist died in 1931, he left a manuscript of 3,000,000 words, equal to 40 novels. His son, Ralph Hall Caine, M.P., and Corvett Hall Caine, engaged an expert who has selected material. Every word of this is 600,000 words. Every word of this is 600,000 words.

China realized nearly \$500,000 from its first national lottery.

PROFESSOR EINSTEIN'S MODEST ARRIVAL



Unannounced by any fanfare, Professor Albert Einstein, world-famed German scientist, a virtuoso violinist, who he crossed the Atlantic of the Nazis, is pictured as he left the liner at New York Harbor, whence he was taken by taxi to Jersey City. The scientist left for Princeton almost unobserved, even before reporters caught up with him.

Incomparable Treasure Of Antiquities Is Displayed At The Royal Ontario Museum

Look While They Listen

Television Sets Owned By Many People In British Isles

Three thousand people in the British Isles now have television sets. They look-in as they listen to the B.B.C. television broadcasts sent out four times a week from Broadcasting House, from 11 p.m. to 11:30 p.m. Many of them have bought complete sets. These are now on sale from five guineas to 50 guineas (\$25 to \$250).

They see people singing, dancing, and drawing cartoons. They have watched a television play.

The fascinating images measure in most of the sets, four inches by two, and are viewed by four.

Now there are signs that television will make a quick jump forward, in technical and popularly, and the use of ultra short wave lengths.

For television is a glut. It demands more space in the ether before it will improve, and it cannot get that space in the overcrowded "ether" of other shares with multitudes of ordinary radio stations.

This congestion is one reason why the brief television broadcasts are putting off till nearly midnight. And the latest news, is, stopping more "seeing-in."

So the nations of the world are setting their radio scientists to explore the ether, almost deserted part of the ether that is open to ultra short waves.

America and Germany have made immense progress, but Britain is well in the lead.

Hints For Blind Gardeners

Booklet By Sightless Men Tells What Can Be Done

"Gardening for the Blind" is the title of a booklet issued from the office of the National Institute for the Blind, 20 Portland Street, London. London raises a question to settle an important question: Who is the greatest flyer in the world? The query is a natural one when Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith, wing commander, clips 40 hours of the record in flying a biplane to Australia in 7 days, 4 hours, 44 minutes. The News Chronicle asks Col. Charles A. Lewis for an opinion and he replies: "I think Kingsford-Smith is the greatest flyer in the world." Then Kingsford-Smith is queried and he replies: "I think it is a fair question to ask. I think the greatest flyer is the man who is right—Christian Science Monitor."

Topi Glasgow Market

Culves From Alberta Brought Good Money Price At Auction

One more example of why it pays to breed and feed the best is given by the news that one of a recent shipment of fed calves from Alberta made the highest price obtained on the Glasgow market so far this year.

This baby beef was bred by George Ross of St. Kitts, fed by Charles Aspinall of the School of Agriculture at Raymond, Alberta, and when sold weighed 565 pounds.

Weaver's Shuttle May Soon Become Obsolete

Machine Which Dispenses With It Has Been Invented

The weaver's shuttle is one of man's devices, and now it seems likely to become obsolete. For thirty years experts have been trying to invent a weaving machine which could dispense with it, and at last woolen materials made on a shuttleless loom are on the market. Silk and cotton will undoubtedly follow. Shuttle travels from side to side right across and through the warp, carrying the weft yarn with it. The new method is for light rods of aluminum alloy to take its place. Each rod is fitted at the end with a gripper which carries the weft half way across the warp, and transfers it to the gripper of a rod which has come halfway across from the other side. This action draws the thread across and the process is complete. Much elaborate mechanism is dispensed with, and a rod and gripper of greater variety of pattern is possible by the new method. Seven colors can be used in the weft of a shuttleless machine instead of the present maximum of four, and where one man is fully occupied in the present weaving machine, only two are needed in the new one. They are able to work from three to six.

Before marriage a man declares he will be master of his home or know the reason why. After marriage he knows the reason why.

British West Indian lines are to be introduced into this country.

The rest of Canada is under debt to Ontario because of the establishing in Toronto of the Royal Ontario Museum for which a magnificent new institution has recently been opened by the Provincial Government.

The eastern press quotes from the London Times the opinion of an expert: "Outside London and the national museums of the British Isles generally, possibly the finest collections have been found in Toronto, where the Royal Ontario Museum, the largest of all the Dominion museums, has not only incomparable Canadian collections but also world famous collections of Chinese antiquities and art." At the official opening this enormous was supported by the remarks of the secretary of the British Museum and the secretary of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington.

The museum has five departments, archaeology, geology, mineralogy, paleontology, and zoology. Of the heads of these departments, Prof. C. T. Caspary, F.R.S., is the best known with his zeal for his job and his ability to make the dry bones of past civilizations themselves in glowing flesh.

Though its past museum, which under the act providing for its foundation and maintenance must have three governors of the University of Toronto among its trustees, Ontario is saving for all of the many echoes of the past of the British Museum and is also spreading forth history of other lands and other times.

America and Germany have made immense progress, but Britain is well in the lead.

The World's Greatest Flyer

Kingsford-Smith Says Kingsford-Smith And Charles A. Lewis Are The Greatest Flyers In The World

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Prediction Came True

The Earl of Dartmouth's prediction in 1838 that self-government would come to a full Canada in which both races, British and French, would be united, has long ago proved true.

The Earl was making his farewell prediction to the people of Canada after making his report on the unfortunate conditions that caused the Rebellion of 1837. He appealed to Canadians to have faith in British principles of freedom.

When Cider Under Church

The old university town of Heidelberg, so rich in attractions, peace-means, is known to few visitors. It is a white cellar with a Catholic church of St. Anna, containing, among other large casks, the "Julius Cask" of 1860, the 500th anniversary of the university, with a capacity of 4,912 gallons.

Soap making is becoming modern and scientific in India.

London's trolley lines now cover 317 miles of routes.

You Be the Judge

SALAD
TEA

Initiative

Initiative, or the lack of it, the development or the denial of it, appear to be quite common subjects of discussion in these days of the Great Depression. On the one hand, people are heard to say that adoption of the programme of the Socialists would result in the destruction of individual initiative, while, on the other hand, exponents of Socialism ask what initiative is left to people these days, and what initiative has an unemployed man substituting on Government relief?

Both are wrong. Socialism could not destroy individual initiative even if it would, because initiative is an attribute of the human individual, and it can be, has been, and always will be developed under any conceivable kind of government, or system, or set of circumstances. Initiative is God-given and cannot be destroyed, although its expression in definite action may be hindered, even for a time prevented.

Nor is it correct to say that present day conditions are destructive of initiative, and that there is no room for its exercise by many people at this time. Rather, the reverse is true. Necessity is said to be the mother of invention, and invention is only possible where initiative is first displayed. The necessities of the present are, therefore, an urge to greater rather than less initiative.

Not only so, but evidence is not lacking, rather it is available on every hand, demonstrating the fact that greater initiative is being manifested by thousands of hard pressed individuals than they ever thought of exercising in the days of prosperity.

After all, what is initiative? A simple dictionary definition says it is an introductory act or step; the first active procedure in any enterprise; power of taking the lead or of originating. That is, a baby knows initiative when it begins to creep, and more initiative when it begins to toddle, and from that time onward through life. It cannot be destroyed.

But it can be encouraged, or discouraged; its development can be assisted or retarded. Parents and teachers have a very great responsibility in this respect. Employers, too, have an obligation in much the same way toward their employees, and if they are far-seeing they will realize that it is to their own advantage, as well as promoting the advancement of the employee, to encourage and assist their workers to display initiative in their work, and to them. While it may be true, as sometimes charged, that Capitalism operates in some ways to lessen initiative, it is also true that in quite as many other ways Capitalism has promoted initiative.

Governments, too, under whatever system may be in vogue in a country, may develop the initiative, not only of individual citizens, but of a whole people and country. Too much paternalism in a home is a deadly influence upon the development of the initiative of a child, weakening its self-reliance, and sapping its courage. In the same way, too much paternalism in government operates as a deadly influence upon the citizenship of a country, weakening the self-reliance of the people, and sapping their courage to meet the inevitable obstacles and difficulties which sooner or later in life must be met and if success is to be achieved, overcome.

Parents should not be expected to do everything for their children; teachers should not do things for their pupils but train them to do every thing they can for themselves, not only as character and ability developed; employers should not look upon their workers as mere cogs in a machine, but as thinking, intelligent human beings with personalities and abilities and thinking powers of their own; and in any large corporation, in some or all of these, Governments are the creation of people in the mass to do for them what they as individuals, cannot alone do for themselves, but Governments were never intended to perform these services which the individual can and ought to do for himself and himself.

Referring back to our dictionary definition of initiative,—that it is the power of taking the lead or of originating,—the truth must be imposed upon us that, in the final analysis, it is the individual that must originate. In any great enterprise, or undertaking, no much paternalism in government, the individual who first originated the idea to the development of which the organized forces of all are finally directed. Governments are only groups of individuals, and their policies have their birth in the minds of individuals, and their acts of administration are but the carrying into effect of a policy resulting from the initiative of some individual in the first instance, the wisdom and value of which is ultimately recognized by all.

A man or woman who does not originate, who never gets very far. If they are content to let others do their reading, study and thinking for them, then they will never become educated. If they are willing to lean upon others, and rely upon the judgment of others for decisions that may have to be made, then they will always be dependents, and never independent. If they refuse to exert themselves, to express themselves, they will go through life bereft of the influence they might and ought to have exercised upon their times and fellowmen.

Initiative is a power, let it be repeated, that all possess. But like all powers it must be used, exercised, brought into play. Only so is it of any value, and only so can it be developed, and made to be the rich thing in the life of the individual. It ought to be, and only so can the rewards it is designed to bring to its possessor be won. It is a great gift, an imperishable gift, which should be highly prized, never surrendered, nor allowed to fall into disuse.

Signs Are The Same

"Most women," says a writer, "can tell by looking at their husbands when they get home from work whether it will be a picture show or a quiet evening at home." At the same time most men can tell by just looking at their wives.

The economy and thoroughness of the raising of dairy cattle in the United States is a lesson to the people of a large extent on the methods of feeding.

Levi Ashfield, London, new traffic light, begins the day with 40 minutes of exercise.

Weakening Diarrhoea Dangerous Dysentery

Diarrhoea and Dysentery do not need to run for any length of time until the whole system is weakened and the patient is in a dangerous condition. Few other diseases so quickly undermine the strength and bring about a condition of prostration and even collapse.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is not only prompt and effective in checking the looseness of the bowels, but the same time it strengthens, stimulates and restores the system.

Never let a little of Dr. Fowler's be prepared in case of emergency.

Manufactured only by The W. M. Lums Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Science Comes To Aid

Can Help Narcotic Addicts To Overcome The Habit

Science has found a solution to the problem of the narcotic addict who attempts to free himself of the habit, addicts of the United States and Canada were told at their annual congress recently in Chicago.

Three New York anesthesiologists related their success in blocking nerves by means of alcohol injections effective for days and even weeks, thus relieving the patient of the tortures and symptoms inevitably associated with stopping the use of a narcotic.

Most of the cases were those of persons who had contracted the habit as the result of intense pain during sickness or injury. Dr. M. B. Greene of New York explained, adding that it was different when the subject used narcotics from desire and was not interested in breaking the habit.

ARM IN SLING WITH NEURITIS

A "token of gratification" this woman says is a giving when she writes of her relief from neuritis. "For twelve months I have had my right arm in a sling and it was the last two weeks have had to carry it in a sling. Since then I have abandoned my sling, am able to sleep undisturbed, and can perform household duties that previously I could not have done. These benefits I have received from Krukenstein Salve. This has all happened in two weeks, and I am optimistic enough to think that in another fortnight I shall have said goodbye to neuritis once and for all. Call it a testimonial if you wish, but I know it is a token of gratification."

(Mrs. A. N. E.) Neuritis is a result of impurities in the blood, and it is impure blood, which is the cause of the trouble, setting up inflammation in the tissues, that causes the excruciating pains. Krukenstein Salve can be safely trusted to do the matter right, because Krukenstein Salve is a blood purifier, and it is a blood purifier that is needed to persuade your internal organs back into their normal condition.

Argentine Raising Peanuts

Has Gone Into New Industry On Large Scale

Coffee and beef not being so much in favor as years ago by Argentina is beginning to raise peanuts on a rather large scale. In the crop year production amounted to 335,564,000 pounds as compared with 129,245,400 pounds in the 1931-32 season, an increase of 32.5 per cent. The area harvested amounted to 139,393 acres an increase of 66.6 per cent. The average yield per acre was 892.5 pounds.

Pains After Eating? Try This!

Pains after eating are generally due to an excess of acid in the stomach, which causes the burning, heart burn, bloating, sour stomach and indigestion. Blurred Magnets taken after meals will give such quick and pleasing relief you will be surprised. Blurred Magnets will tell you ordinary Blurred Magnets is the most reliable remedy. It will tell it should be in every home. It works.

Queer Animals In Oxford Zoo

Cat Has Fully-Developed Fur-Covered Wings

The curator of the Oxford Zoo has been puzzled by the arrival of a black and white cat which has on its back fully-developed fur-covered wings, with which it is stated it can fly. It was seen in a local garden to move from the ground to a bean, to which it could not have leaped, using its wings in a manner similar to a bird. The wings grow just in front of the hindquarters and measure a foot from tip to tip. The curator says he is somewhat sceptical whether the cat can really fly in the sense that a bird does. It is possible that its hindquarters are so powerful and its spring to a considerable height, aided by its wings.

Roman Had One-Way Roads

One-way traffic was used by the Romans in Pompeii. The traffic problem was bad then because Caesar's chariot jammed the Appian Way. In 1968 a semaphore arm signal was erected at the junction of Bridge Street and New Palace Yard, London, and was illuminated by gas at night. All this was disclosed by H. E. Atlington at a meeting of the Institute of Transport in London to prove that present traffic problems are not new.

Police of Grassano, England, are to carry small cameras so they may take pictures of accidents.

Industrial activity in South Africa is increasing.

COLDS ARE DANGEROUS

Soothe and relieve them; build up resistance with SCOTT'S EMULSION

SCOTT'S EMULSION
RICH IN VITAMINS

Building Speedy Train

U.S. Railroad Figures It Will Travel Two Miles A Minute

Rapid progress is being made in the construction of the Burlington's two-mile-a-minute motorized steam locomotive in the Philadelphia works of the Budd Manufacturing Co. Experts from the United States Steel Corp., General Motors, Western Engine Works and the Burlington staff are scrutinizing every step of the development.

Travel experts call the Burlington's new train "a sensational answer to the inroads on passenger travel by buses and private cars and a challenge likewise to air transportation."

The equipment is the last word in automotive and airplane development for railway passenger travel. The train will be a three-section articulated unit, operating on four-wheel trucks instead of the normal six-wheel trucks used in a conventional three-car train.

The train is designed along aerodynamic lines, with a low profile and a point of accommodation will weigh less than half a steam train of like capacity. It will be powered by a Diesel electric engine.

Alberta Newspaper Association

Editors Of Weekly Newspapers Elect Officers For Coming Year

S. E. Duncan, publisher of Crag and Canyon, Banff, was elected president of the Alberta Division, Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association, at a meeting of the annual convention at Edmonton. Others elected were: First vice-president, H. G. Thunell, Viking Press; second vice-president, A. A. Moore, Strathmore Standard; executive, B. H. Huckle, Innisfail Province; D. O. Wight, Cardston News; H. T. Hattell, Coleman Journal; H. W. Betts, Hughenden Record; G. C. Duncan, Drumheller Mail; advertising committee, H. G. McCreia, Hanna Herald; Charles Clark, High River Times; Fred Turnbull, Red Deer Advocate.

The nominating committee recommended that the selection of a party-treasurer be left to the new executive but suggested that H. G. McCreia be retained. The meeting approved.

Sees Marked Improvement

United States Banker Finds Conditions In Britain Better

Quite talkative about the marked improvement in British business conditions was J. F. Morgan, United States banker, on his return to New York from an extended visit to Great Britain. While silent on various questions put to him concerning the domestic situation here, the N.B.A., new banking laws and inflation, Mr. Morgan did emphasize that England had turned the corner away from hard times. "England is getting on very well. Improvement certainly is well set in there. The heavy industries are showing improvement and the whole feeling here is that things are better and improving."

The Russians are now breeding sheep for food. It would be interesting to know what the emu was used for before crosswords were invented.

Additional warehouses are being built in Brazil to house the rapidly increasing coffee stocks.

TRY MECCA OINTMENT - AND MUSTARD POLICE (PREVENTS BURNING)

CHEST FOR COLDS REMEDIES CONGESTION

New Submarine Chaser

Royal Air Force Machine Will Be Stationed At

The first Royal Air Force flying boat carrying a quick-firing gun, capable of firing shells, in addition to ordinary machine guns, has been completed by the Blackburn Airplane Company at Brough. The craft is designed principally for submarine chasing.

The new gun, which is mounted on a rotary turret in the forward cockpit, can fire 100 rounds per minute one and one-half pound shells over an effective range of 1,500 yards. The shells are held in clips of five. The connection from firing all five rounds in quick time is said to temporarily reduce the forward speed of the flying boat by ten miles per hour. The experiment of mounting the gun whose recoil—representing a pair of 1,600 pounds which has to be absorbed by the boat's structure—will be watched with keen interest by air forces of several nations which are concerned with the same problem.

The machine will be able to fly 132 miles per hour with a maximum range of 1,500 miles. The wing spread is 97 feet and the top landing gear stands nearly 26 feet high. The new ship, named "Blackburn Perth," is one of four to be stationed at Malta.

Does Not Produce Chancellors

Only Two In Last Hundred Years Born In

Where do the Chancellors come from? Scotland claims so many of the Premiers and Archbishops of Canterbury of recent years that it would not be surprising to find the Northern Kingdom providing a good proportion of Chancellors of the Exchequer, especially in view of the Scottish genius for looking after the barbeque. In reality, however, only two Chancellors in the last 100 years were born in Scotland—Sir Robert Horne and the first Lord Ritchie. Mr. Neville Chamberlain was born in Birmingham—and was his brother, Sir Austen, who was Chancellor thirty years ago. London can claim Daniel and a number of others. Among the counties, Yorkshire can boast three great names—Lord Snowden, the late Lord Oxford and Asquith, and Sir William Harcourt. But Lancashire can show three who are possibly still more famous—Mr. Lloyd George, who was born in Manchester, Gladstone, and Sir Robert Peel.

Japanese Ambassador Recalled From Washington

Not Expected To Return And No Reason Given

Ambassador Debutchi, for five years Japan's envoy to the United States, has been summoned to Japan and is expected to return to Tokyo. No disclosure has been made of why he will succeed him nor was any official explanation made of the reasons behind the summons.

Speculation arose immediately over whether the decision of President Roosevelt to recall Ambassador Debutchi was a move toward Russia for a restoration of diplomatic relations had influenced the action of the Tokyo government.

For nearly two years there have been frequent reports from Japan that Debutchi was too conciliatory in his attitude toward the United States to suit the army group within the Japanese government.

Natives Are Shocked

Members of the American colony in Majors who shock the natives by wearing insufficient clothing will be treated as vagabonds under the new Spanish law and expelled from the country. Native Majors have been frequently shocked by foreigners going through the streets in their bathing suits, and barefooted. To go barefooted makes an offense particularly heinous in the eyes of the Majors.

Had Successful Season

A successful season was enjoyed among the "brew of the King's yacht, Britannia," and no less by her Royal Owner. She has just been laid up for winter after having won twenty-four prizes this season. Last year she was not reached since 1896, when she won the same number.

Ealing, England, Y.M.C.A. is conducting a campaign to supply bicycles to young unemployed men.

Girl Gidder from Norway recently took part in international folk-dance exhibitions in London.

Aeroplane are disturbing elephants in the great Uganda reserves in Africa, and it is feared that herds will be driven to parts far from water.

Gasoline prices in England are dropping.

It's Nice..!

To Light Up In The Morning

When the sun begins to shine—and you've rolled your own" with Ogden's Fine Cut. That fragrant, friendly cigarette sure does put a smile on the day. It's so cool and satisfying. And so easy to roll. Ogden's Fine Cut and "Chanticleer" papers ... you can bank on that "roll your own" combination morning, noon or night.

SAVE THE POKER HANDS

OGDEN'S FINE CUT

Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Pipe

Has Not Paid League Dues

Germany is behind in her dues to the League of Nations and owes \$2,300,000 Swiss francs (about \$450,000), it is revealed. Germany failed to pay her dues in 1932 and 1933. Although she promised to hold the money in an account earmarked for the League, providing that the League spent money in Germany for supplies, it suggested that the League buy German pencils.

There is no substitute for polish in agriculture. It cannot be replaced in the plant's economy by soda or any other compound.

DATENTS

A List Of "World Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request. The RAMSAY Co., 187 BROADWAY ST., OTTAWA, ONT.

GOULDING'S MUSIC SERVICE

Send us for Every Thing in Music. Quickest, best prices. Orders filled for our clients without obligation. 34 SMITH ST., WINNIPEG, MAN.

Arch troubles, weak ankles, tired feet, backache, etc. Get relief from our little support like that of body weight. No pain, no strain, no fatigue. See us for free booklet telling what they are and how to cure them.

THE FOOTPAK COMPANY 100, VICTORIA ST., TORONTO, ONT.

FOR COUGHS, Colds, Bronchitis, Matheis's Still Syrup

In the Famous Cherry Box

HEAVY WAFFED PAPER Has a hundred uses. Always have a box in the kitchen.

Applond PAPER PRODUCTS HAMILTON, ONTARIO

W. N. U. 1018

Backaches

Indicate kidney trouble. GN Pills give prompt and permanent relief. They act directly but gently on the kidneys—cooling, healing and strengthening them. See a box at all drug stores.



WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Alarmed by a rapid increase in the use of opium throughout Manchuria, the Manchukuo government is opening a chain of clinics in Changchun, Kirin, and Antung, Newchwang and Jehol City, where drug addicts may receive treatment free.

Outside the United Kingdom, Toronto consumes more tea per capita than any city in the world. C. E. Lough, member of a firm of British tea merchants states, in a per capita consumption, he added, Canada stands third among countries.

Over 10 per cent. of the male population are more or less color-blind, according to the conclusions reached by a committee which has been investigating color-vision requirements in the Royal navy.

A hollow statue of Mussolini is to be erected atop one of Rome's hills, and elevators will carry visitors to a platform in the head, where they will be permitted to "see the world through Mussolini's eyes."

Two air mail extensions in the North West Territories will be inaugurated during the winter, with Copenstone and the harbor, established as the new receiving postal stations.

Lord Willington, viceroys of India and former Governor-General of Canada, is to be in London in the spring. He is going home on personal leave, which will probably be of the usual duration of four months.

A Perley, pioneer hotelman, who died in Calgary recently, has left the residue of his estate, \$125,000, to the City of Calgary hospitals.

Almost all commodities moving out of Vancouver to world markets during the first nine months of 1933 show an increase over the corresponding period of 1932, according to a report issued by Port Superintendent R. J. Burns, of the harbor board.

Dr. Donald John Armour, a native of Cobourg, Ont., who became one of Great Britain's most noted brain and nerve specialists, died suddenly at a meeting of the Medical Society of London, England.

Famous Surgeon Dead

Canadian Became One Of Great Britain's Most Noted Nerve Specialists

Dr. Donald John Armour, a native of Cobourg, Ont., who became one of Great Britain's most noted brain and nerve specialists, died suddenly at a meeting of the Medical Society of London recently.

The fifth son of Hon. John Douglas Armour, former chief justice of Ontario, Dr. Armour had won honors as C.M.G. (1918), P.R.C.S., M.R.C.P. and B.A. (1920). He was educated in Canada and England.

Dr. Armour was surgeon to the National Hospital for Nervous Diseases, an honorary lieutenant-colonel and consulting surgeon to the West London Hospital as well as to many other institutions.

Hints For Givers

All of us might take an example from Admiral Byrd in the matter of useful Christmas presents. He likes to give a couple of thousand tons of coal, or 20,000 tons of pig iron, instead of candy and perfumes.

When Your Daughter Comes to Womanhood

Give Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Most girls in their teens need a tonic and regulator. Give your daughter Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It will keep her healthy for many months. Teach her how to guard her health at this critical time. When she is a happy healthy wife and mother she will thank you.

W. 26, 21, 1918

Armanent Dispute

Discuss Issue Between British and German Foreign Ministers
The government has issued a white paper, which it was learned authoritatively, was aimed at settling the dispute on disarmament negotiations between Sir John Simon, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and Konstantin von Neurath, the German Foreign Minister.

The document merely put into permanent and official form previously published reports regarding the disarmament bureau meeting in Geneva on October 14 and an exchange of telegrams between Sir John and Baron von Neurath concerning Germany's withdrawal from the armistice.

The main point at issue between the British and German foreign ministers was whether Sir John had accurately interpreted Anglo-German conversations in London, October 4, to American delegates and others.

Peat In Fraser Valley

Several Large Farms Furnish Unusual Source Of Income

Farmers of the Fraser Valley, British Columbia, have an unusual source of income in their peat fields. The peat is cut in the summer and stacked into picturesque piles which are allowed to dry in the sun. Later it is removed to air-drying yards and when in ripe condition it is treated by machinery for poultry litter, for horticultural and nursery purposes, and for insulating in building construction. There are several large peat farms in the lower Fraser Valley, one in Surrey, one in Burnaby, one in Pitt Meadows and another in Lulu Island.



By Ruth B. B. B.

There are a good many other species of grasshoppers, which are of little if any economic importance here, which vary rather widely in their habits. For example, some of these other forms hatch from the eggs during September and pass the winter in a part-grown condition. Other species hatch in the spring, and are still others in the adult stages. All of these types become conspicuous as soon as the snow melts in the spring but should not be confused with the economic forms.

It has been found that grasshoppers tend to increase when the spring is warm and fairly dry, and the summer and fall exceptionally hot. Under these conditions, especially if they are very pronounced, much more than the normal number of eggs may be laid and a large proportion of the young hoppers will survive to the adult stage. However, such seasons occur in succession, then an outbreak develops. The extent of area affected and the intensity of the infestation depends upon just how favourable the weather conditions are for the grasshopper.

Ordinarily, the outbreaks reach a peak of intensity and distribution, and then the numbers decline. However, in turn, is primarily due to adverse weather, such as cool and very wet weather immediately after hatching, or cold, wet and cloudy conditions during the egg-laying season, under such conditions, much fewer than the normal number of eggs are laid and most of the young hoppers perish without reaching maturity. The release may be very rapid if the adverse conditions are intense and of long duration, and especially when aided by disease as well as the usual predator and predator-spreaders.

The most significant thing to remember is that the decrease in grasshopper numbers occurs almost invariably during the summer, and is another outbreak; rather than in the early spring. A long period of records shows that rarely does an outbreak take place in the spring, and in the ground, and even then affects only a rather local area, in which there has been such an occurrence and in at least one of these, rather intensive campaign was necessary.

Today's dress shows youthful smart simplicity in busy woman's life. The way it buttons is so individual. The sleeves give important shoulder support. You can see at a glance how attractive it is to it. It is equally lovely for afternoon wear, only the design is a little more or less. It is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches bust. Size 16 requires 2 1/2 yards 54-inch. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or (coin is preferred). Wrap cloth carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Grasshopper Destruction

Severe Outbreak Next Year Seems Almost Inevitable

There seems to be a rather widespread belief that in spite of the fact that grasshoppers were very abundant during the summer and fall of 1932, no serious outbreak will occur in the spring of 1934. The available facts, however, lend practically no support for such an expectation. To understand the situation, some knowledge of the life history and development of grasshoppers, and of the nature and causes of the recurrent outbreaks, is necessary.

Life History and Development. The grasshoppers of economic importance in the Great Plains all pass the winter in the egg stage in the soil. The eggs are deposited by the adult or winged grasshoppers during August and September. The adults live and continue to deposit eggs as long as warm, open weather occurs, gradually dying off until the coming of snow and severe frost kills the last survivors. The eggs are very well protected against the ravages of mice. Indeed it has been found that a period of 30 days with the temperature continuously above 40 degrees Fahrenheit in the soil would be required to cause hatching in the fall. The eggs are also able to survive extreme cold without a representative for each province of both provinces. The Dominion government, he believed, would likely make a representative for each province while the two provinces and the federal government would likely agree upon a chairman.

Recipes For This Week
(By Betty Barack)
CELESTINE LEMON TAPACA.
1/2 cup quick-cooking tapaca.
1/2 teaspoon salt.
1/2 cup boiling water.
1 cup sugar.
1 cup lemon juice (2 lemons).
1 cup cream, whipped.
Add tapaca and salt to water, and cook in double boiler 15 minutes, or until tapaca is clear, stirring frequently. Add sugar, lemon juice, and lemon rind. Cool. Fold in whipped cream. Chill until thickened. Lightly mix in short glasses. Garnish with raspberries. Serves 8.

COCCOANT AFROIC PLUFF
2 cups cooked apricots.
1/2 cup powdered sugar.
1/2 cup cream, whipped.
1/2 cup shredded cocoant, moist.
Force apricots through sieve. Add sugar; fold in cream and 1/2 cup cocoant. Chill. Sprinkle with 1/2 cup cocoant. Serves 6.

Prince Of Wales' Height
Record In Cathedral At Denmark Shows Five Feet Six Inches
The height of the Prince of Wales was recorded on the occasion of his recent visit to Roskilde Cathedral, the Westminster Abbey of Denmark. Within the cathedral is a pillar against which, from time to time, visiting Royalty have stood and had their height marked. The Prince's line was 5 ft. 7 in. from the floor. The marks in the cathedral include those of Peter the Great, 6 ft. 11 in. in the present King Christian of Denmark, 6 ft. 7 in.; and Tsar Alexander III, of Russia, 6 ft. 2 in. The Prince placed flowers on the tomb of his great-grandparents, King Christian IX, and Queen Louise, the parents of Queen Alexandra.

Sale Will Be Stopped
Under New Code U.S. Gangsters Cannot Buy Machine Guns
Small arms manufacturing in the United States has agreed to accept as an amendment to their NRA code a provision forbidding sale of machine guns and sub-machine guns except to governments, banks, corporations with private police departments, and foreign governments. As a result, the NRA code goes into effect, the hitherto almost unrestricted sale of machine and sub-machine guns to gangsters will come to an abrupt halt except when the arms are bootlegged into underworld channels.

Would Relieve Britain
The plumber was a mild sort of man, but he could not get away from the fact that his assistant was considerably larger than the Earl of Bournemouth, and when it was suggested to him that he should stand there with both hands in your pockets! For goodness sake take one of them out!

Aviation Kindergarten
The youngest set is going air-minded. Fifteen of the boys are pilots, ranging in age from 6 to 12 years, attended the opening of an aviation kindergarten, believed the first in the United States, at a hangar at Norfolk (N.J.) Airport, with Casey Jones, noted flier as instructor, the embryo aviators were given a lesson in flying on a newly invented miniature training plane. If the idea catches on, the kindergarten will be continued.

for SPRAINS
RUB MINORS is gentle, it gives instant relief to sprains, bruises, rheumatism, etc.
Put you on your feet!
RUB MINORS
"KING OF PAIN"
ANIMIN

Natural Resources Commission

Saskatchewan And Alberta Seeking Compensation For Alienation Of Lands
Saskatchewan and Alberta will urge upon Premier R. E. Bennett, the immediate establishment of a natural resources commission to determine the compensation coming to the provinces for the alienation of lands since 1903.

Mr. Justice Bigelow has been named as the Saskatchewan member of the commission while Alberta will be represented by Mr. Justice Tweedie.

Announcement that the two provinces would make joint representations for such a move was made by Hon. M. A. McPherson, Attorney-General of Saskatchewan, and Provincial Treasurer for Saskatchewan.

He stated that the commission would likely consist of five members and would adjudge on the position of both provinces. The Dominion government, he believed, would likely make a representative for each province while the two provinces and the federal government would likely agree upon a chairman.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON NOVEMBER 5 PAUL IN JERUSALEM

Golden Text: "Where the spirit of the Lord is, there is liberty."—2 Corinthians 3:17.
Lesson: Acts 15:1-35.
Devotional Reading: Romans 8:1-11.

Explanations and Comments

Trouble Makers Come To Antioch From Jerusalem. Verse 1.—Jewish synagogues were composed of Jews and proselytes, the latter being Gentiles who had received the Christian message. Some of the Gentiles who attended the Synagogue services were called "God-fearing," or "God-vault," but were not in "full fellowship" with the rest because they had not been circumcised. We have seen how Paul and Barnabas preached to the Gentiles and founded flourishing churches, among them those at Pisidian Antioch, Lystra, Iconium and Derbe on his first missionary journey, and how they reported to the Church at Antioch of Syria, the church which had sent them on their mission. That "we had opened a door of faith unto the Gentiles." The church at Antioch, which composed the majority of Gentiles, rejoiced over the good news, and they realized the far-reaching effect of his new departure. When the report reached the Church at Jerusalem, it was not without a rejoicing. In fact, it aroused violent opposition. Some of the Jews, however, who were not of their own responsibility, went down to Antioch and caused trouble. They declared that Gentiles must first become Jewish proselytes before they could become Christians—must be "circumcised after the custom of Moses." Verse 2.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 3.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 4.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 5.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 6.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 7.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 8.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 9.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 10.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 11.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 12.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 13.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 14.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 15.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 16.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 17.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 18.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 19.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 20.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 21.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 22.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 23.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 24.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 25.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 26.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 27.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 28.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 29.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 30.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 31.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 32.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 33.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 34.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch. Verse 35.—The "elders" mentioned here were the "elders" of the church at Antioch.

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TAKE Beecham's PILLS FOR LIVERLINESS SLUGGISHNESS STOMACH PAINS
A box of Beecham's Pills, each night will do you good. Beecham's Pills, each night will do you good. Beecham's Pills, each night will do you good.

Do you have Beecham's Pills, each night will do you good.

Do you have Beecham's Pills, each night will do you good.

MAJOR MOVE TO RAISE PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

Winnipeg, Manitoba.—Unless meat packers and other interests dealing in farm products, to raise the prices the farmer receives in the government may have to step in and do it for them, Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, told the Winnipeg Board of Trade. The same thing, he said, applied to insurance and loan companies holding farm mortgages at interest rates the farmer was unable to pay.

"It will be asked," said Mr. Stevens, "why does not the government do this? There are several reasons, some of them constitutional."

"But if private enterprise fails to find a solution the government may have to step in and find it for them." Beef, butter and eggs Mr. Stevens said were consumed almost entirely within Canada. The price of these commodities, unlike wheat, could be raised if business men got together. Choice steers were now bringing \$5 to \$5.50, a ridiculous price. Mortgage companies also, he said, would have to get together and reduce interest rates and extend time. Farmers could not pay eight and 10 per cent.

Relief Distribution

Retail Merchants in Alberta Want to Handle Job

Calgary, Alberta.—Alberta government will be asked to distribute relief in drought areas under the supervision of retail merchants as a result of a resolution passed by the Alberta Board of the Retail Merchants' Association at the close of a two-day meeting here.

Members of the board agreed problems of the association made advisable an annual conference for 1935 and it was decided to hold it in Edmonton early in 1934. A conference between manufacturers, wholesalers, retailers and relief agencies may be held at the same time. Looking to a year which is expected to see conditions much improved, the financial statement showed an operating profit for the first nine months.

Goes To Washington

Soviet Commissioner to Confer With President Roosevelt

Moscow, Russia.—Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, is en route to Washington to confer with President Roosevelt regarding United States recognition of Russia. The commissioner's departure was attended by a great air of mystery and secrecy because of his desire to travel incognito. His private secretary, who is to be the Berlin train. His route was by way of Warsaw, Poland.

Chance To Break Record

Agassiz, B.C.—The world's egg-setting record was equalled when "Daisy Mae," a hen of the variety called, laid her 351st egg in 356 days. A University of British Columbia White Leghorn, in 1929 laid 351 eggs in 361 days. "Daisy Mae" has a chance to break the world's record of 357 eggs for a 365-day period.

Attacks Roosevelt's Plan

Nottingham, England.—Sir George Palsh, world-famed economist, declared in a speech here that President Roosevelt's efforts to expand the income of the United States were having serious reactions all over the world. It is very doubtful, he added, whether any country would be able to remain on the gold standard.

Prospectors Walk Out

Atlin, B.C.—Three prospectors arrived safely at this remote settlement in the extreme northwest of British Columbia after a trip on foot from Wolf Lake, more than 100 miles away in Yukon Territory. The trio—Fred and George Cameron, and Fred Anderson—left Wolf Lake with an Indian guide and provision for several weeks.

Returning To Canada

Geneva, Switzerland.—Hon. Dr. J. M. G. Macdonald, Minister of Railways and Canals, who has been leading the Canadian delegation at the meeting of the League of Nations since mid-September, sailed for Britain aboard the "Empress of Britain" from Cherbourg, November 3.

School For Unemployed

Edmonton, Alberta.—Unemployed teachers of Edmonton are forming a school for unemployed, to hold classes during the coming winter. A similar plan for education of the jobless was in use last year, the workers' teachers donating their services.

W. N. U. 1018

Needs Food And Livestock

Economists Say Russia Could Absorb World's Agricultural Surplus

London, Eng.—Observers in close touch with the Russian situation expressed amazement at a report from New York that \$500,000,000 credit was being sought on behalf of the Soviet connection with the United States recognition—with \$450,000,000 worth of machinery and steel rails and \$50,000,000 for cotton.

The observers said Russia needs one of the direct of Russian forms, but pointed out that Russia's most urgent need is for foodstuffs, and livestock of all kinds. Independent agricultural economists here say Russia could absorb the whole world's agricultural surplus on long-term credits.

Instead, it was noted, farmers in the United States are destroying millions of pigs they could have shipped to Russia and likewise horses and cattle which could easily be transported on both land and sea.

Besides, much labor and industrial products in Russia would be reduced if ample food and livestock supplies were available, according to an economist who believes foodstuffs are needed more here than anywhere else. He said that if the Canadian and United States wheat surplus had been exported to Russia two years ago, it would have taken supplies off the market and at the same time would have saved Russia peasants from the famine of last winter. Anglo-Russian trade negotiations are progressing slowly and smoothly.

Plot Frustrated

Attempt On Life Of Viscount Battonden Is Reported

London, Eng.—Police conducted an investigation into what they described as an undoubted attempt on the life of Viscount Battonden, only surviving son of Earl Wiltshire, Viscount of India and former Governor-General of Canada.

Police were called when Miss Dorcas Plattau, a neighbor of the viscount's, encountered a man she said was an "Indian" crouching on the flat roof outside his apartment. She said the man carried an 18-inch curved knife and that when she stepped out of his apartment, he fled. Authorities recovered the knife and a piece of lead pipe the intruder threw at Miss Plattau.

The viscount, who was said to be going to India next Monday, was not at home when the incident occurred.

Miss Plattau, a novelist, said she was giving a party at her Victoria Square home and that when she went out to her study she heard a noise outside that caused her to look out of the window. It was then, she declared, that she saw the man crouching on the flat roof. The man, she said, was outside the viscount's bathroom.

Labor Troubles In Cuba

Break Again When Resignation Of Government Is Rumored

Havana, Cuba.—While the United States destroyer stood off the coast of Cuba, aid in checking serious labor disorders, official attention again swung to politics when it became known that President Grau had sent the palace prepared to resign.

The resignation was said in high government circles to have been offered as a result of serious consideration of a semi-parliamentary government proposal under which a commission of 20 would be established to virtually control Cuban affairs.

President Grau held acceptance of the resignations in abeyance pending further study.

Serious labor troubles at several American-owned sugar mills worried the government as at least one American was endangered by striking workers who held him prisoner.

The United States destroyer in Orizaba province, near the Alto "Twigs" was standing by off Mantilla, Orizaba province, near the Alto Cedro sugar mill, where C. M. Jervis, the American manager, was held by strikers who had formed a Soviet regime.

New Trade Transaction

North Portal, Sask.—A large reciprocal trade transaction has been made here with the shipment of 3,000 live baby hogs from the North Dakota to Sask and gave launch to the Saskatchewan Department of Natural Resources in exchange for several thousand pickled eggs.

More Voters In B.C.

Vancouver, B.C.—About 3,000, thousands more voters are registered for the provincial election than were on the lists in 1928, according to figures recently published by the provincial government. The total is 307,267 compared with 245,240 five years ago.

Political Leader Dies

W. J. Bowser Is Victim Of Heart Attack

Vancouver, B.C.—Death struck unexpectedly to remove from the turbulent political scene of British Columbia one of the champions of the independent non-partisan cause. W. J. Bowser, K.C., and injected new confusion into the already muddled election situation.

Mr. Bowser's death removed a figure familiar for 42 years in the political arena of this province. He was a former Conservative premier and had held various cabinet positions.

The veteran campaigner was the victim of a sudden heart attack. He was 65 and a native of Boston, N.H. While political friends and foes hastened to pay tribute, election officials were themselves confronted with a situation believed unique in the annals of this province.

Mr. Bowser was running in both Vancouver and Victoria on the independent elections, which take place November 2. Election officials in Victoria announced the election and that all rulings will be deferred until November 27.

Relief Distribution

500 Cars Distributed Free Of Charge In Saskatchewan, Areas

Saskatoon, Sask.—More than 200 railway box cars, loaded with produce, have been distributed free of charge to needy areas of Saskatchewan, it was learned Wednesday from Dr. John L. Nicol, superintendent of missions in northern Saskatchewan for the United Church of Canada.

It is of this work that has been done under the plan of relief distribution with the aid of the railway companies.

People of five provinces contributed donations but residents of Saskatchewan supplied more than half of the total to less fortunate inhabitants of their own province.

PROVISION MADE FOR JOBLESS DURING WINTER

Ottawa, Ont.—Single unemployed men will be absorbed into work camps to be established under the direction of the Department of National Defence, as part of the program for meeting the unemployment problem during the winter.

These camps will be utilized for carrying out federal projects, and the Dominion will provide food and housing for the men and give them 20 cents per day for tobacco, etc.

Agreements concluded with the provinces, it is stated, follow along lines already indicated. Again the Dominion will pay 33½ per cent. of the labor cost of municipal public works. The federal government will pay 60 cents per day toward men employed on the trans-Canada Highway, and 50 cents per day for those employed on provincial highways.

In respect to such single unemployed men who may be unable, for physical or other reasons, to go to the work camps, the Dominion will pay half the cost of supporting them up to a total of 40 cents a day.

Unemployment relief measures comprise the cabinet council at a two and a half hour session with Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor, outlining to the government the measures being taken and proposed. No official announcement was made at the close but Mr. Gordon said there was practically no change in the system which has been in operation for some time.

URGENT BRITAIN TO INCREASE NAVAL STRENGTH



Two of Great Britain's most famous naval experts, Admiral Sir Elsie Chetfield (left), First Sea Lord of the Admiralty, and Earl Beatty (right), commander of the British Naval Staff, were interviewed by the press on Tuesday of each other. Both were reported as urging Great Britain to increase her naval strength as necessary for the security of the British Empire.

MAY HEAD UNIVERSITY

Albert Wiggins Gives Up Heavy Life Endowment

Washington.—Criticism of his retirement pay led Albert H. Wiggins for years head of the Chase National Bank, to surrender his \$100,000-a-year-for-life cheque in a surprise announcement to the United States senate banking committee.

Interrupting the presentation of a preliminary pile of evidence of the profits and losses in the Cuban operations of the \$2,000,000,000 financial house, Ferdinand Pecora, its counsel, put in a motion for the committee to demand a letter from Wiggins to the bank board giving up his annuity.

Concurrently with a meeting of the Chase board in New York to accept Wiggins' proposal, Pecora developed in questioning Shepard Morgan, the bank's vice-president, that the bank floated \$400,000 in Cuban bonds in United States with knowledge of a Cuban treasury deficit and financial troubles.

U.S. Carriers Seeking

Minimum Lake Rate

Would Make Agreement Of Five Cents Per Bushel On Grain

Ottawa, Ont.—Official information obtained here is to effect that United States lake carriers are endeavoring to reach an agreement with their Canadian competitors to fix a minimum rate on grain across the lake of five cents per bushel.

The United States owners are working at Washington to have the operations brought under the N.R.A. and it is understood have made good gains. They have represented Canadian lake carriers that if the Canadian operators will agree not to cut rates below a 5-cent minimum.

He spoke to an audience of 100,000 people assembled in the mammoth exhibition hall and gathered in the streets before it. Amplifiers carried his voice to the throngs outside. "In the future we will never again let our honor be soiled," said the German leader. "Courageously and joyously one must fight for one's rights."

Prosperous Indians

Good Crops Place Indians In Favorable Position

Ottawa, Ont.—Indians on prairie farms are remarkably prosperous at present and undoubtedly in a much better position economically than their neighbors, said the annual report of the Indian Affairs Department. This is due to intensive agricultural assistance and instruction given to the Indians during the past half century by the government.

Indians are exempt from payment of taxes and other overhead charges. The Indian population of Canada remains at approximately 108,000.

MAY ADJOURN

ARMS PARLEY

UNTIL DEC. 4

Geneva, Switzerland.—Adjournment of the world disarmament conference until December 4 was recommended by its steering committee.

Simultaneously reports, originating in German circles, were current that Chancellor Hitler's government would announce the conditions for Germany's return to the arms discussions and the League of Nations after November 12 plebiscite, called when her motion pictures to quit both councils was refused.

France served notice that the League of Nations and not the League of Nations European powers must handle disarmament when they Massigli, the French delegate, insisted before the steering committee that all disarmament discussions must be held exclusively in Geneva.

Arthur Henderson, the British delegate, at the conference said in a speech it would be disastrous to adopt a policy which could be interpreted as unwillingness to complete the task of disarmament.

M. Massigli's contention, given in behalf of Joseph Paul-Boncour, the French minister in the revised French cabinet, was apparently in reference to suggestions that Italy, France and Great Britain should negotiate for the three-power pact to replace the agreement those countries signed last summer with Germany.

The approval of the conference was made with the understanding that a reopening of discussions in December depends on the program made in the interim, either by private conversations or through a special committee.

Surrenders Pension

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DROP IN PRICES FOLLOWS GOLD BOOST IN U. S.

Washington.—As the United States Government pushed the price of new-minted gold 18 cents higher, a presidential order made it clear only gold "recovered from the natural deposits in the United States or any place outside the United States" could be purchased under the new Roosevelt monetary policy.

The edict ruled out the possibility that the mines of Canada or any other country outside the United States jurisdiction might be able to take advantage of the high price set by the Washington Government. The quotation of \$31.54 fixed here was 47 to 57 cents above the price of the metal on the London market.

But even though the Washington level was 18 cents higher than that of the day before, news from commodity markets brought the first reverse in the president's campaign for a higher gold price. The price of gold, achieved by artificially raising the price of gold, went off to two to three cents a bushel; cotton, 50 to 60 cents a bale; and leading stocks, \$1 to \$3 a share.

Officials, however, expressed no disappointment at the continuation of the upward trend was hardly to have been expected, they said. They also said they saw nothing in the developments to indicate the economic theory behind Mr. Roosevelt's policy was un sound.

Germany Standing Firm

Must Be Assured Equality With Other Nations States Hitler

Hannover, Germany.—Chancellor Hitler, in a speech here, declared his campaign to provincial Germany, flying under the treaty of Versailles and saying that Germany would not return to the "yoke of Versailles" until assured full equality with other nations.

"The world wants to see us anywhere it must recognize our equality; if it doesn't we will completely draw back," Hitler said.

He spoke to an audience of 100,000 people assembled in the mammoth exhibition hall and gathered in the streets before it. Amplifiers carried his voice to the throngs outside. "In the future we will never again let our honor be soiled," said the German leader. "Courageously and joyously one must fight for one's rights."

Bestselling German Goods

Montreal, Quebec.—German goods were officially boycotted by the Montreal Jewish Council of Women in a resolution adopted unanimously at a meeting of the council here. Mrs. Alfred Zimmerman, co-founder with her husband of the school of international studies at Geneva, denounced Germany and defended the attitude adopted by France.

Predicting Short Winter

Regina, Sask.—In spite of October blizzards which have swept Saskatchewan, meteorologists here predict a short winter, with little snow. Their predictions last year, based on muskrats and berries proved correct. The winter was long and the muskrats needed their big houses, while the frozen berries furnished food for birds. This year the signs are opposite they say.

Increase Is Shown

Ottawa, Ont.—An increase of 17 per cent. was shown in financial transfers in the form of bank debits or amount of cheques passing through the post office in September. The total was \$2,457,000,000 as compared with \$2,098,000,000 in the corresponding month of 1932, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Exhibit Of "Food" Flowers

London, Eng.—"Food" flowers from South Africa are giving London a taste of the most beautiful exhibitions ever staged here. Three consignments of South African wild flowers, packed in crates and transported in the cooling chambers of ships, form the nucleus of the exhibition.

Grant For Kingsford-Smith

Sydney, Australia.—As the result of a public agitation for appointment of Air-Commodore Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith, famous flyer, to some post position, the federal government has announced a grant of \$15,000 to him, no position being available.

For the First 37 Weeks of 1933, ending 14th of September, 2,184,360 hogs were raised in Canada.

Champion Groceries

Bulk Pitted Dates, 2 lbs.	29c
Sugar Crisp Corn Flakes, 3 for	25c
P & G Soap, 6 for	25c
Green Plume Prunes, 5 lb. cartons	65c
Heinz Prepared Mustard, 2 jars for	25c
Pea Soup, 2 1-2 tins, 2 for	35c
Texas Sweet Grape Fruit, large size, 2 for	25c
Rex Skim Milk Cheese, 2 lb. box	40c
Ink Scribbles, 2 for	5c

E. LATIFF
Phone 14

STEWART CARTAGE

Champion Garage---Phone 66

We haul Wheat, Coal and Livestock
Turner Valley Gas.
Furniture Moving.
Let us Truck your Cattle and Hogs to
Calgary.

Reasonable Rates

LOOK ! LOOK !

Artic Gold Gasoline
(At Wholesale Price)

30c per Gal.

To Your Car at the
Central Service Station

Buy Your Gas where you can get
Free Air Free Water Free Battery Inspection

Saw Filers
AND
Scissors Sharpened
By Machinery
First Class Work Guaranteed
Enquire at Chronicle Office

Attention
O. O. R. P.

The next regular meeting of the O.O.R.P. will be held in the Community Hall on Tuesday evening, Nov. 7.
A good attendance would be appreciated.
MARGARET McHAY,
Secretary.

Elks Attention!

The next regular meeting of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks will be held in the Community Hall, Champion, on Tuesday, Nov. 7, 8.30 o'clock.

Your attendance will be appreciated.
CLARK RHODES, Secretary.

To Rent

4 roomed unfurnished bungalow. \$10.00 per month. Apply to R. I. Baker.

For Sale

Model T Ford Motor. Radiator, Drive Gear and Pinion in good shape. See W. L. Harris.

For Sale

Large and Small Paved Yorkville House at Albert Anderson's farm, 5 miles south and 4 1/2 miles east of Champion.

An "Old Favorites" Contest.

Our attention has been drawn to an interesting Contest just launched by the Family Herald and Weekly Star. \$1500.00 are offered in Cash Prizes to those most successfully solving a set of picture puzzles.

Each puzzle picture illustrates the title of an "Old Favorites" song, the object of the contest being to name each one of them correctly. A book featuring 1000 old favorite Song Titles has been compiled by the publishers. This book contains all of the songs that the puzzle pictures illustrate and a copy is given to every active contestant as an aid. The pictures are very cleverly drawn and provide interesting entertainment to those taking part. The nature of the Contest itself, as the name implies, brings back to mind those old familiar tunes which never seem to grow old and which recall memories of those happy days when they were the current musical hits.

Any of our readers will find it well worth while dropping a line to the Family Herald and Weekly Star, at Montreal, for full details of this Contest which will be gladly sent to anyone interested, along with a sample copy of the paper.

The hens that were so active all summer are now taking a rest with the result that eggs have jumped to values rather surprising to producers. Storage eggs are also less in quantity than usual and it would appear that when the pullets to take hold in earnest a good price will be realized by their owners.

Local & General

Keep in mind the Auction Sale of G. E. Smith's on Wednesday Nov. 8.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Warren were Lethbridge visitors recently.

Mr. Alex McDougall and daughter are Calgary visitors this week.

Born--To Mr. and Mrs. Jim Archibald on Thursday October 19th, a daughter.

Fisnelette in plain gray and strip, in different lengths going at half its value at McCullough Bros.

Mrs. G. Stewart has had as guests this week, Mr. and Mrs. Tuttle of Nanton.

Mr. and Mrs. Cye are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter on Thursday Oct. 12th, in Calgary. Mrs. Cye was formerly Miss Jessie Archibald.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hagg, accompanied by the Misses Myrtle and Marjorie Hopkins, were Calgary visitors last week.

Miss Kate Pharis returned to Champion, having spent the past two weeks visiting in Calgary.

Mr. Eli Hopkins Sr., of Kent Wash, and son E. R. Hopkins of Boise, Idaho were Champion visitors over the week end. They left Tuesday for their respective home, accompanied by Miss Mary Ann Hopkins, who has spent the past two months visiting here.

A meeting of the Curling Club will be held in the Chronicle office on Monday November 13. All interested are requested to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bozarth, accompanied by Mrs. J. M. Moffatt and Mrs. W. McIntyre are Calgary visitors this week.

McCullough Bros. THIRD ANNUAL SALE will end Saturday, November 11th. The balance of these bargains must be all cleaned up. Drastic reductions are being made on many odd lines. There never was a time when your money would purchase more than Right Now on these Cleanup Lines.

Mickey Mouse Sweaters

For Boys and Girls, made from a good Heavy Fleece back material sizes 24 to 32, each

99c

Girls High Top Shoes

In nice Brown Calf Leather and very pliable, sizes 11 to 2, per pair

\$2.29

New Shipment of Prints

All going out at Sale Price special 36 inch, fast colors, per yd.

19c

Heavy Rayon Bed Spreads

In new shades, large size, each

\$4.98

Men's All Wool Combinations

Medium heavy weight, balance of sizes left, per suit

\$1.49

Men's Heavy Penman Sweaters

Coat Style, with pockets. Balance of sizes going at

\$1.49

Men's Dress Pants

In Grey or Brown Stripes, Cleanup price, per pair

\$1.69

Men's All Wool Sweaters

Roll Collars, in fancy stripe. Balance of stock going at

99c

McCullough Bros.

Therriault Mine

7 Miles East of Champion

RE-OPENS

Prices \$2.50 per ton

The best Stove Coal in the district. Also the Cleanest,

Geo. Rhodes, Operator
Phone #07

TIRES FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE



**GOOD YEAR
TIRES**

The kind that are preferred by 40 out of 100.
The kind--the only kind--that are made with Super-twin Cord.
Mileage that is long.
Satisfaction that is great.
Safety that is measuring.
Price--as low as any tire you would consider using.
Come and see them.

For Sale By
GRANLIN MOTORS

Long Louie Cafe

The Best Place in Town to Eat



With the approach of the busy season we are prepared to cater to farmers and others with quick courteous service

--- We Appreciate Your Patronage ---

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

Champion United Church

Minister--Rev. PETER DAWSON.
Pianist--MISS RHETA CAMPBELL.
Sunday November 6th
11 A. M. Blsson Morning Worship.
11.30 A. M. Church School at Champion.

7.30 P. M.--Evening Worship--Subject--Third in Series on The Lord's Prayer. "Thy Kingdom Come." Music by choir.

HERBERT J. MABER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY
VULCAN

At U. S. Alexander's office
every Thursday

In honor of Mr. and Mrs. Miles Pharis, a shower was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Pharis on Wednesday evening. Over 50 guests were present and games and music were enjoyed. The happy couple were presented with a blue granite kitchen ware set, both responding very fittingly to the presentation.

To the Old Country for CHRISTMAS

FARES
EXCEPTIONALLY
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NOV. 20 to JAN. 5
Return Limit
6 MONTHS



Go while bargain fares are in effect--Through train service to seaboard, connecting with fast, comfortable Canadian Pacific Steamships.

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**CANADIAN
PACIFIC**

We wonder who the bridge player was that went down 1200 on a one bid.